

# Trimble Buildings

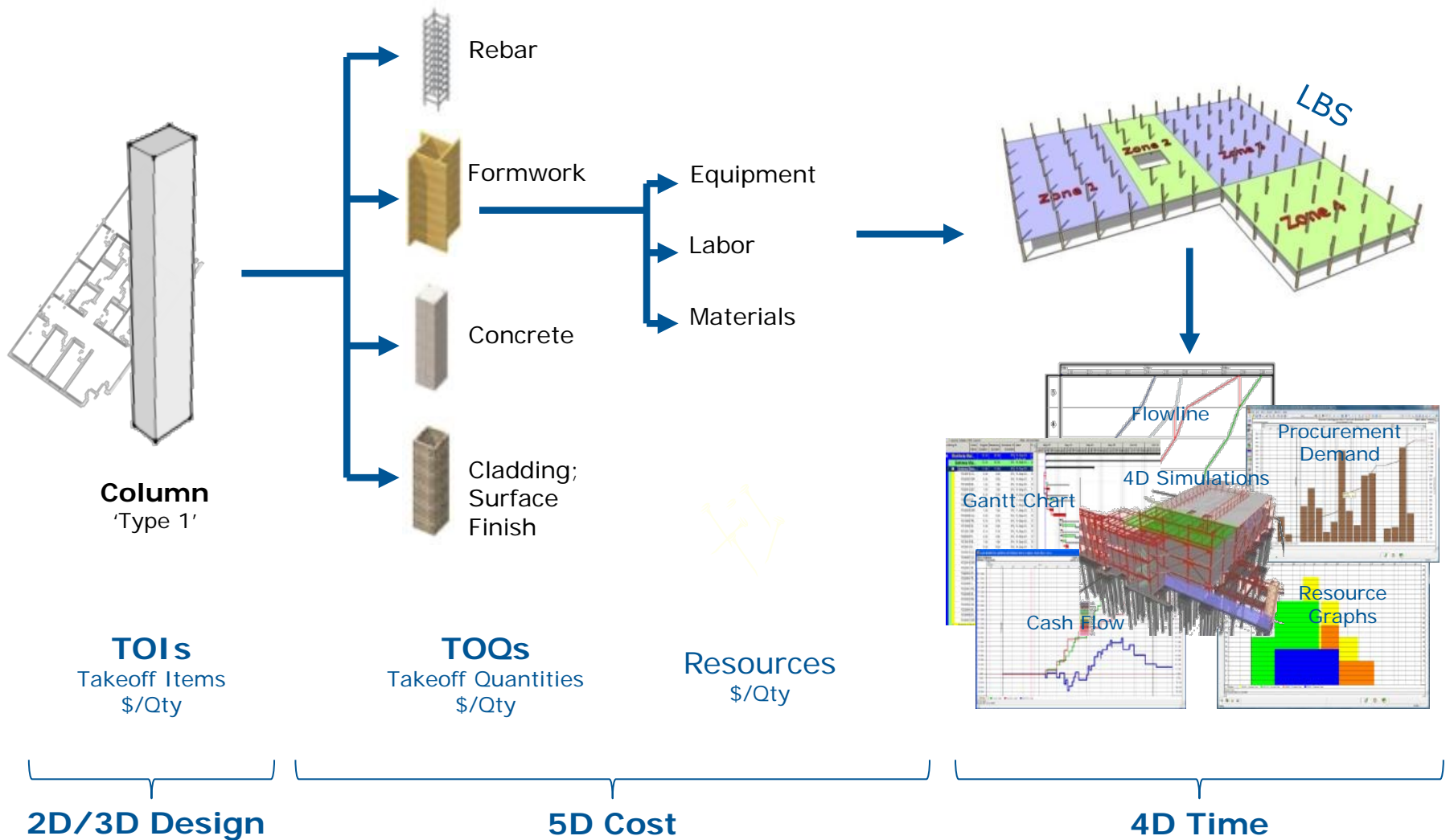
GC/CM Division

## *Bringing 5D to the Work Face*

- ASAP management impacting project success and cost
- Creating the Flowline version to optimize resource usage
- Production control for hospital construction
- Owner reporting to maximize production data usage




# Integrated BIM+Estimating+Scheduling



## What is 4D without 5D?

- Non-integrated process
- Disruptive to efficient workflows
- Different way to plan, schedule and control construction projects:
  - Uses physical locations of work
  - Uses quantities and productivity data to calculate required time by location
  - Resource-loaded based on data
  - Optimizes production efficiency for continuous flow
  - Forecasts based on actual production
  - Flowline as an effective way to visualize work flow

A photograph of a modern, multi-story medical building with a light green facade and a large wooden slat screen. The building is set against a clear blue sky. In the foreground, there is a concrete walkway and a low wall.

Acute Care Facility in Napa, California  
72,000 SF added to existing Medical Center  
Includes six Smart Operating Rooms, 20 private intensive care rooms, clinical and pathology laboratories

## QVMC Herman Family Pavilion



## Key Benefits

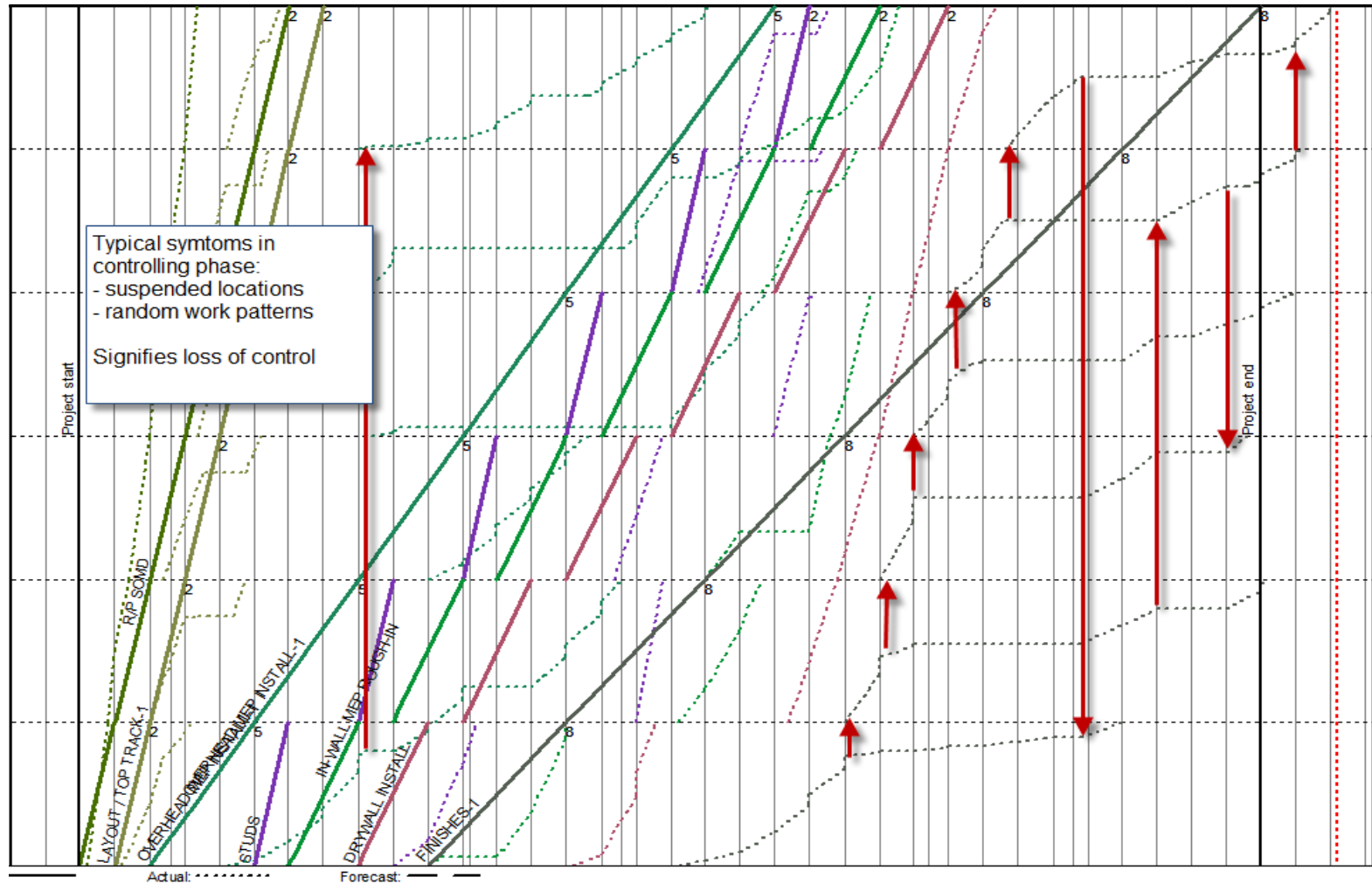
- Understanding what are the opportunities for improving production
- Archive of actual production rates for typical hospital tasks
- Documentation of subcontractor behaviors and patterns during operations

## What our Client has Learned...

ASAP deployment adds burden to field management process

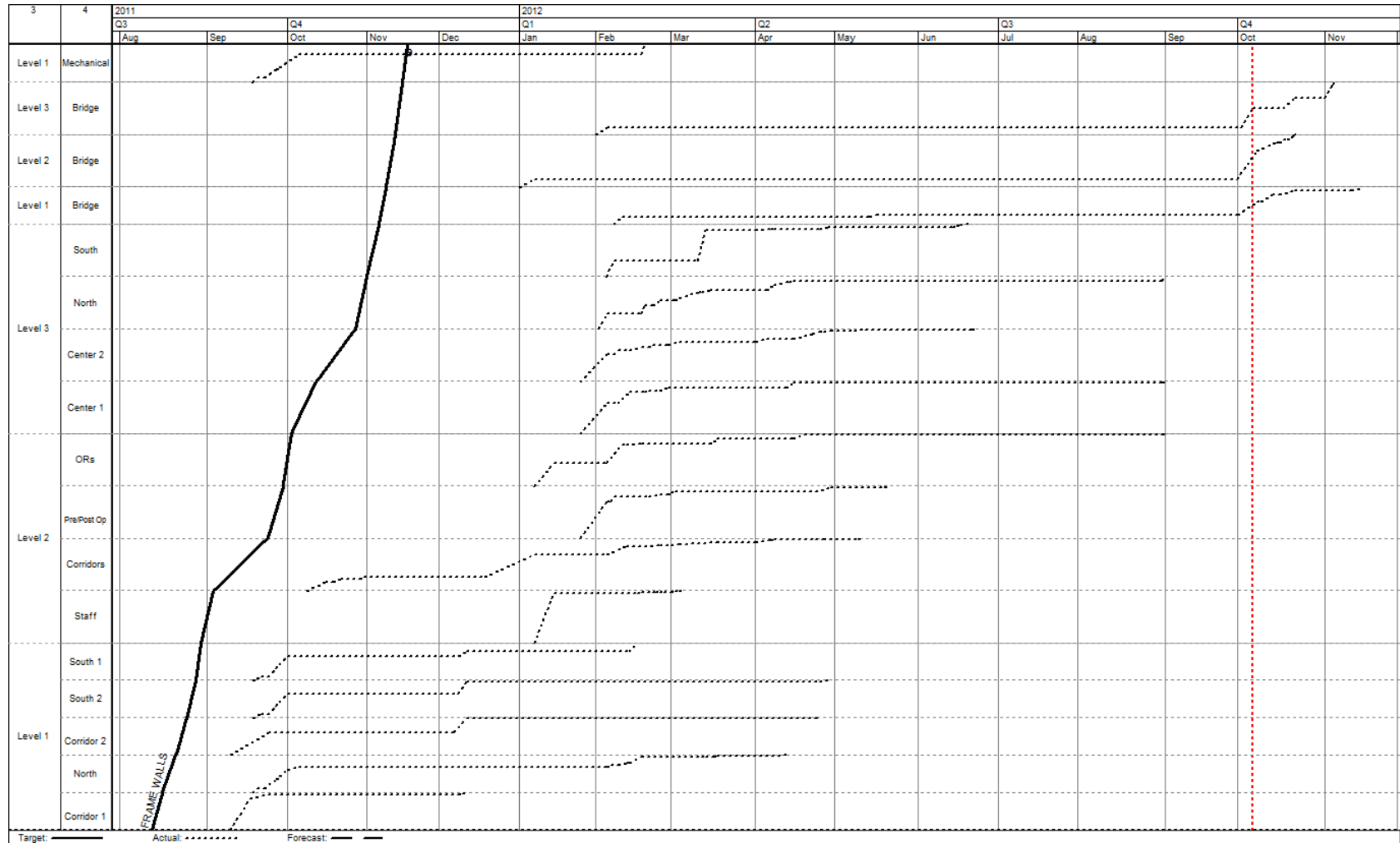
- Limits forecasting ability
- Impacts workflow
- Once you start working out of sequence it is difficult to reintroduce any amount of “flow”

# “Blow-fly” Effect in Controlling Phase





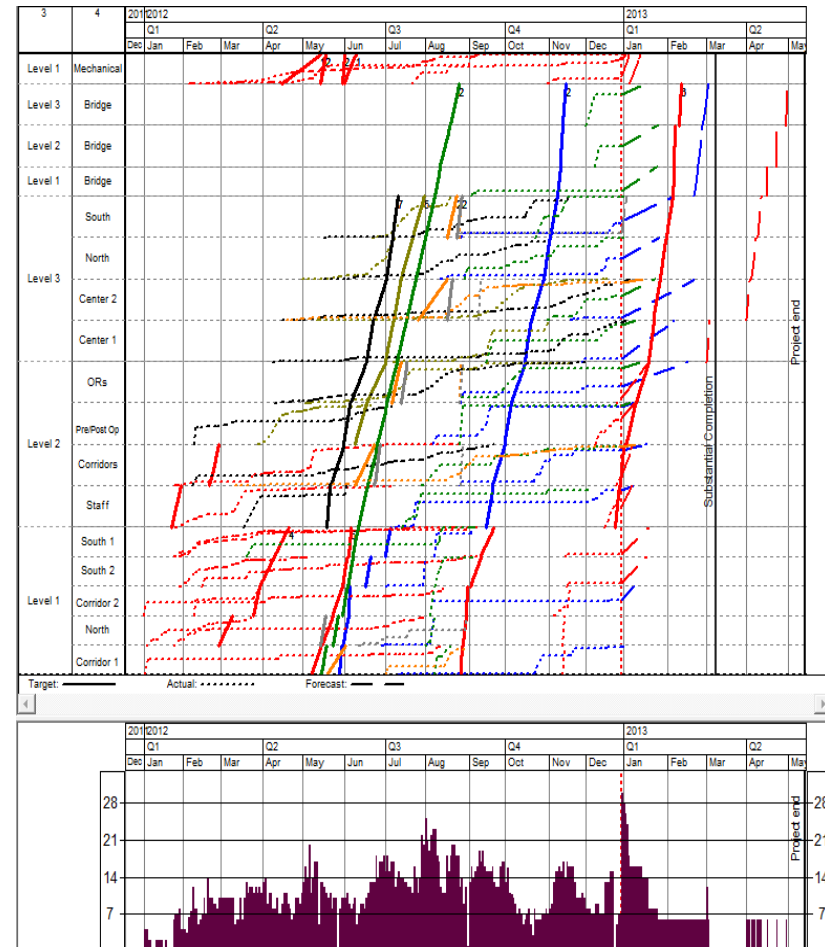
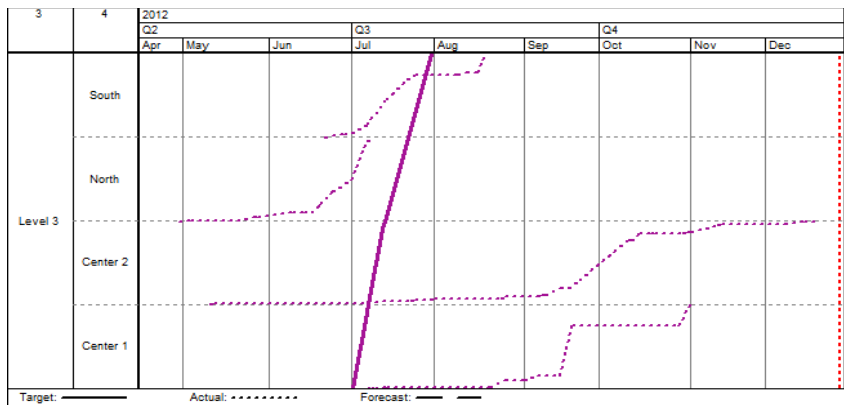
# “Flat-line” Effect in Controlling Phase



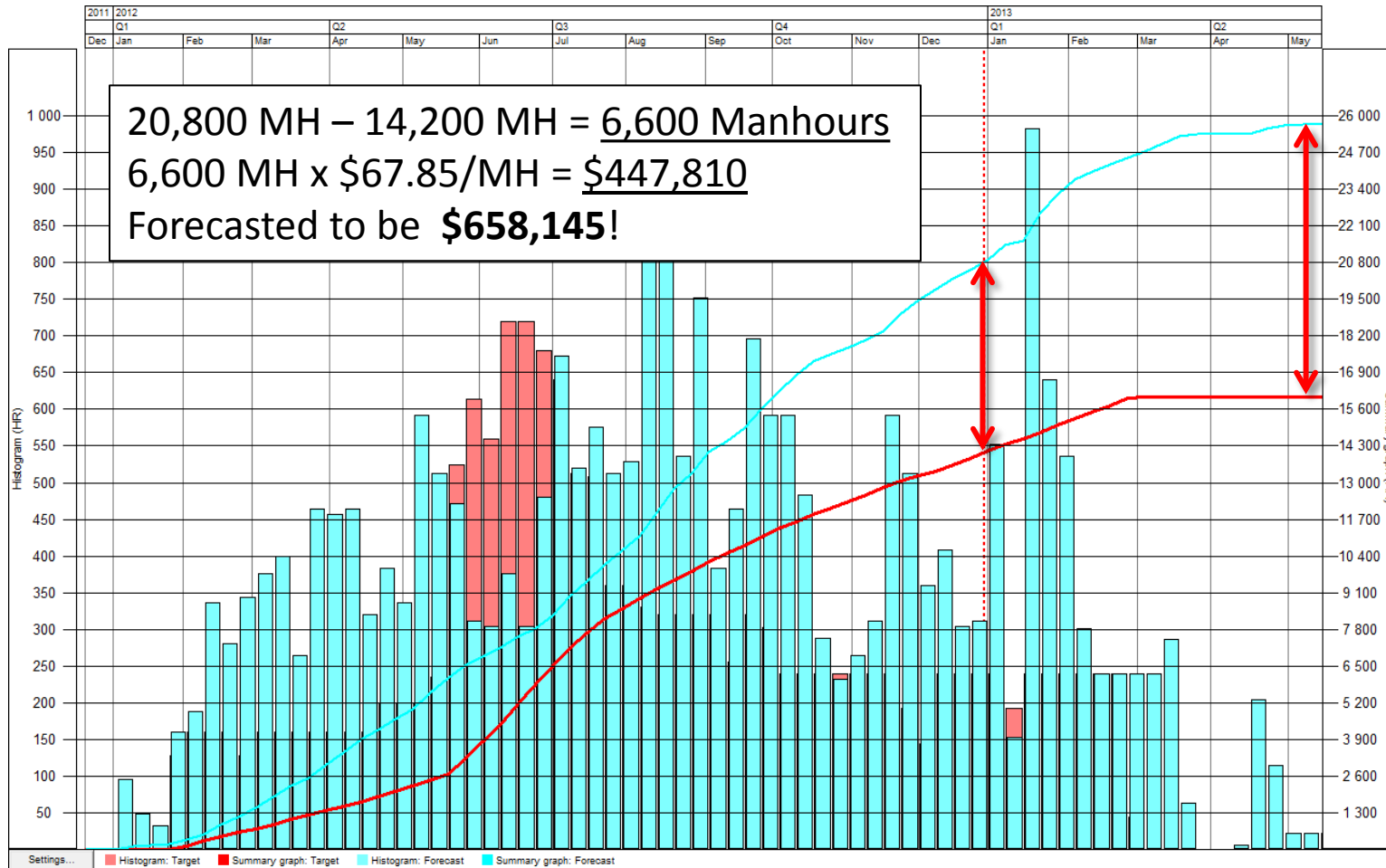
# Actual Resource Graph – Electrical

## Observed Patterns:

- Early Starts in most locations
- Slower than planned production
- Multiple locations active at the same time
- Working out of sequence
- Smaller than planned crew size



# Actual Resource Histogram – Electrical





MOB in Oakland, CA

225,000 SF ancillary support building on new Medical Center Campus

Outpatient services, specialty medicine, Neonatal Post-Operative Care unit, wellness healing gardens

# SPECIALTY MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING

# Case Study: Baseline Optimization

- Process:
  - Matched CPM schedule in LBMS; optimized CPM;  
Implemented change when deemed appropriate by team
- Technology:
  - Selected technologies to support LBMS process
  - Vico Office (Cost Planner, Schedule Planner); MS Office
  - Oracle P3 to export schedule data to satisfy contract
- People:
  - Collaborative work session with GC, Architect, trade-partners and external consultants to agree and implement schedule changes

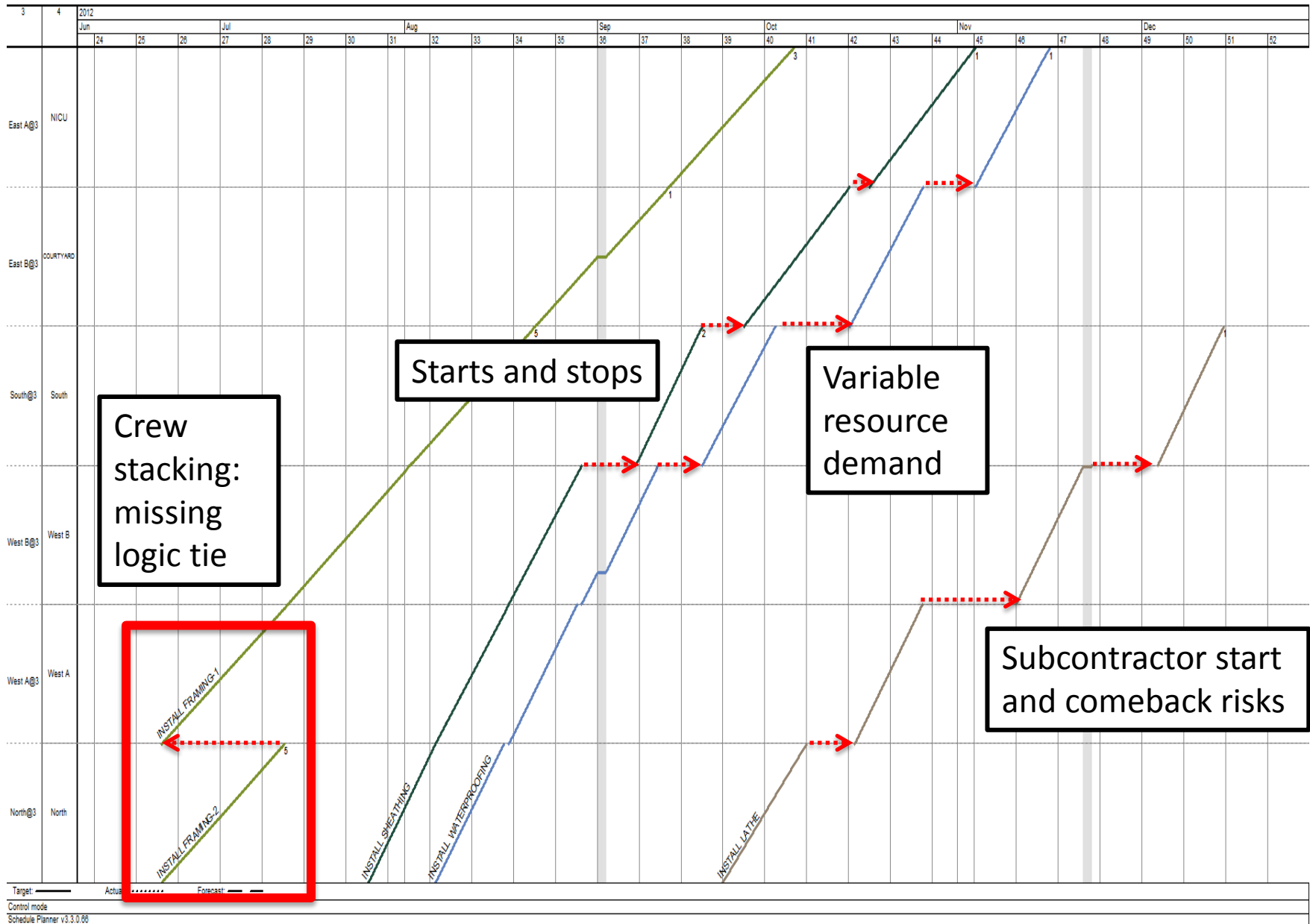
## Case Study: Key Benefits

- Graphical review of multiple schedule locations
- Flow analysis
- Detailed understanding of shortcomings of planned CPM dates
- Step by step optimization discussion
- Templated reports

## What our Client has Learned...

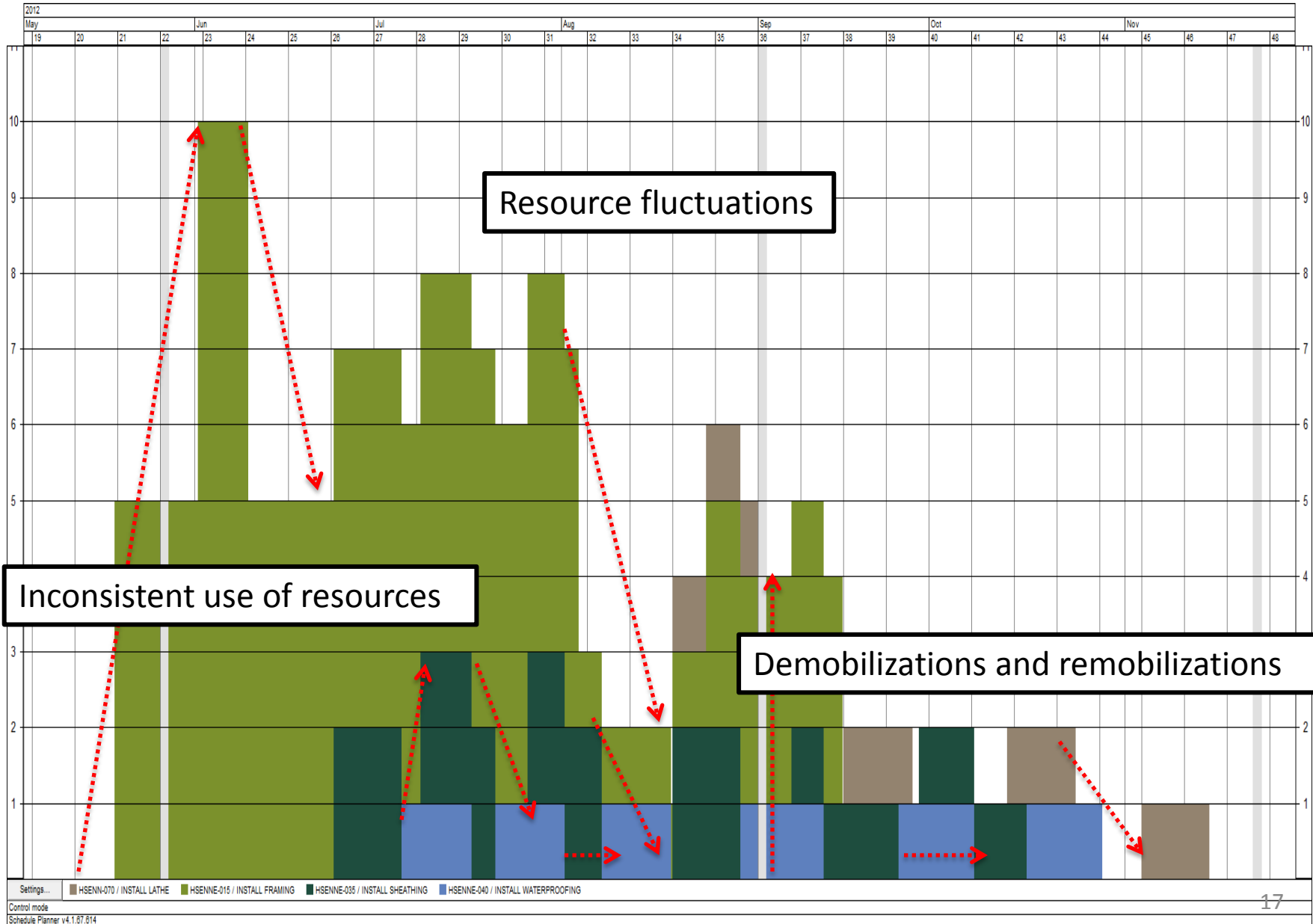
- Steep learning curve
- CPM denial
- Change from the normal type of analysis
- Sub-contractor buy-in process
- Adjusting the CPM to show LBMS

# CPM Schedule Alignment





# CPM Resource Analysis

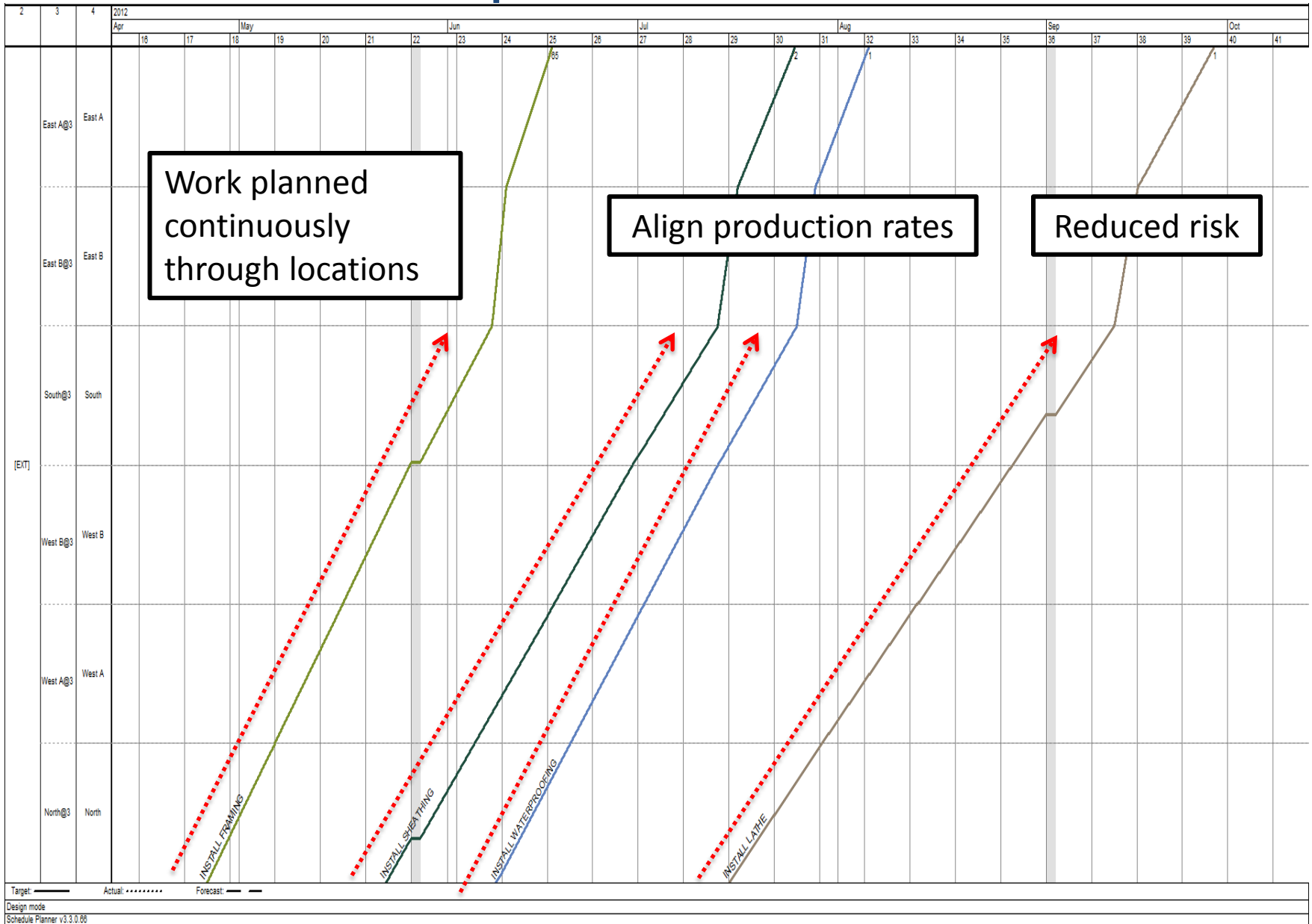


# ES EF Date Analysis

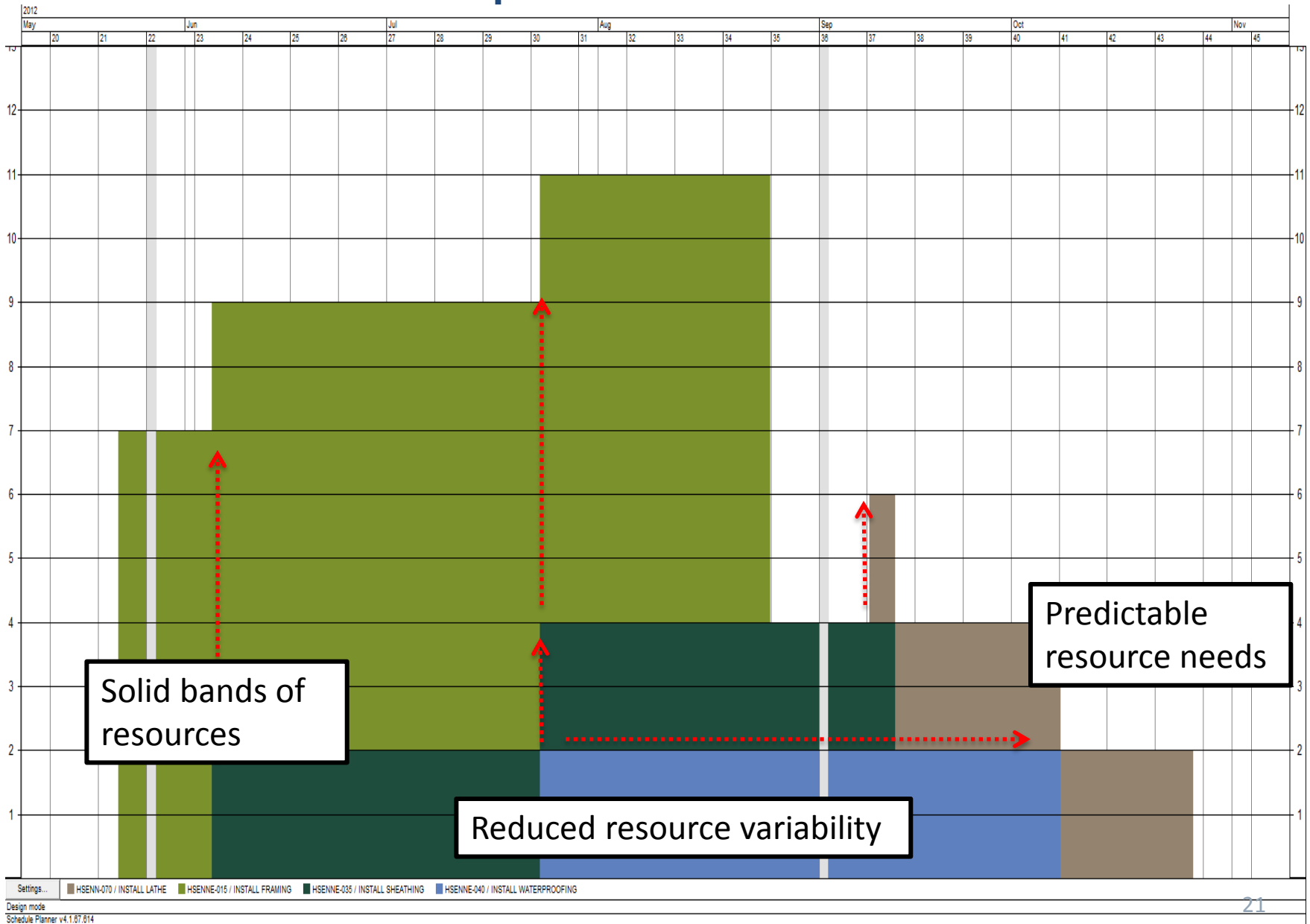
Act Code	Act Name	ES	EF	P3 Start Δ
HSENN-035	INSTALL SHEATHING NORTH ELEV	07/27/2012	08/07/2012	
HSENNW-011	INSTALL SHEATHING WEST ELEV A	08/08/2012	08/17/2012	-1
HSENSW-035	INSTALL SHEATHING WEST ELEV B	08/20/2012	08/29/2012	-3
HSENS-025	INSTALL SHEATHING SOUTH ELEV	08/10/2012	08/19/2012	-12
Act Code	Act Name	ES	EF	P3 Start Δ
HSENN-040	INSTALL WATERPROOFING NORTH ELEV	08-Aug-12	17-Aug-12	
HSENNW-012	INSTALL WATERPROOFING WESTELEV A	20-Aug-12	29-Aug-12	-3
HSENSW-040	INSTALL WATERPROOFING WESTELEV A	30-Aug-12	12-Sep-12	-1
HSENS-040	INSTALL WATERPROOFING SOUTH	24-Sep-12	03-Oct-12	-12
Act Code	Act Name	ES	EF	P3 Start Δ
HSENN-070	INSTALL LATHE NORTH ELEV	26-Sep-12	05-Oct-12	
HSENNW-018	INSTALL LATHE WEST ELEV A	10-Oct-12	19-Oct-12	-5
HSENSW-070	INSTALL LATHE WEST ELEV B	23-Oct-12	01-Nov-12	-4
HSENS-070	INSTALL LATHE SOUTH ELEV	16-Nov-12	29-Nov-12	-15
HSSML-155	INSTALL LATHE	15-Nov-12	26-Nov-12	14
HSNIC-135	INSTALL LATHE-NICU CTYD	03-Jan-13	10-Jan-13	-38

# Cost on down time

# CPM Schedule Optimization



# CPM Resource Optimization



# Cost summary and non-impacts



Hospital in Mountain View California  
395-bed hospital  
Located on a 41-acre campus in the heart of Silicon Valley

# HOSPITAL

# Case Study: Camino Medical Center, USA

- 240,000 SF medical office building in California
- Proof-of-concept exercise in the US in 2005
- CPM schedule and optimized schedule compared from time, risk and cost angle
- The same duration could be achieved with
  - 20% lower labor cost
  - Lower risk



# Case Study: Camino Medical Center, USA

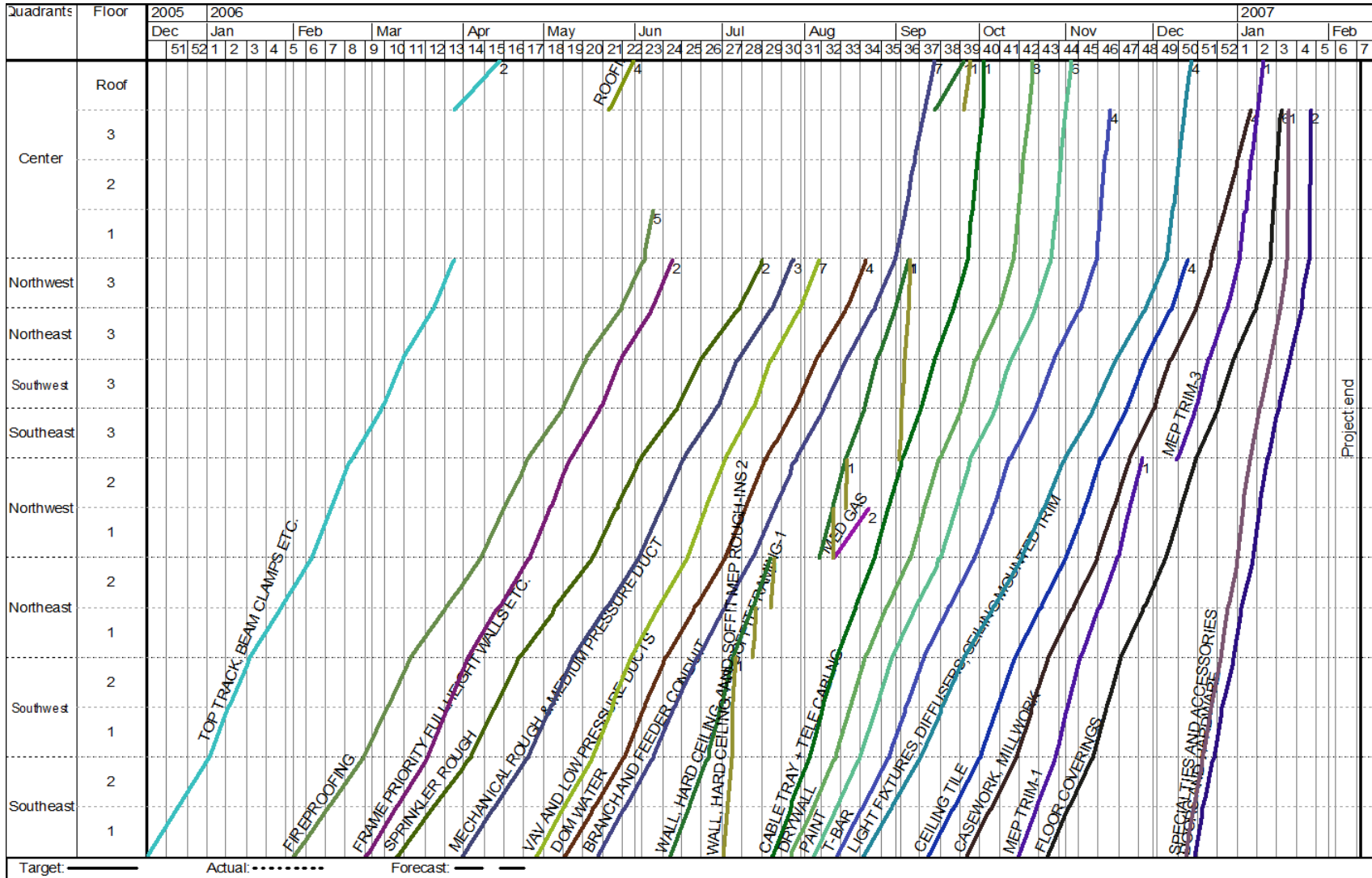
## Starting data:

- Quantities for MEP trades (manually measured from 3D model)
- Productivity rates
- Resource limits
- Dependencies
- Labor rates

## Outputs:

- Resource-loaded CPM match schedule
- Resource-loaded optimized schedule
- Comparison

# Original CPM vs. Optimized LBS



# Optimization of 5D Costs

	CPM Schedule				4D-5D Integration			
Subcontractor	Peak Resource Use	Direct Cost (\$)	Mobilization / Demobil. Cost (\$)	Waiting Cost (\$)	Peak Resource Use	Direct Cost (\$)	Mobilization / Demobil. Cost (\$)	Waiting Cost (\$)
Casework	10	\$231,680	\$7,680	\$43,307	8	\$185,480	\$1,280	-
Ceiling tile	11	\$316,320	\$12,320	\$118,693	12	\$262,320	\$1,920	-
Doors, frames, hardware	2	\$76,000	\$3,413	\$19,733	4	\$38,800	\$640	-
Drywall	20	\$738,800	\$16,960	\$245,227	18	\$566,920	\$4,800	\$120,049
Electrical	14	\$494,720	\$11,840	\$123,397	12	\$406,000	\$2,080	\$2,598
Fireproofing	14	\$271,040	\$2,240	-	10	\$291,200	\$1,600	-
Flooring	18	\$372,480	\$12,480	\$176,960	12	\$228,720	\$1,920	-
Mechanical	11	\$409,080	\$8,000	\$90,613	11	\$263,400	\$3,040	\$19,720
Paint	6	\$181,760	\$5,760	\$106,020	6	\$126,400	\$960	-
Plumbing	3	\$109,480	\$1,760	\$14,133	6	\$104,000	\$960	-
Specialties	3	\$49,640	\$1,493	\$7,253	1	\$8,640	\$160	-
Sprinkler	3	\$98,000	\$1,813	\$37,973	2	\$59,440	\$320	-

What was the result of implementing the LBMS?  
How did we focus our effort to achieve success?

## **IN SUMMARY**